Read more about the topic in the MyCNC closed loop configuration manual.

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Linear encoders are typically used on higher-end machines to allow for a more precise monitoring of the difference between the real and the expected machine position (incremental change from the absolute position). This article focuses on the linear encoder setup and on the methods to make the information obtained from the encoders useful within the myCNC software.

The following window is available upon navigating to Settings > Config > Hardware > Encoders:

SYS PLC Config	Info SupportCutch	Confi	-								SAVE CFG
CNC Settings Axes/Motors	Encoders	#0	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9
Inputs/Outputs/Sensors	Encoder Resolution	2500 🔻	2500 🔻	2500 🔻	2500 🔻	2500 🔻	2500 🔻	512 🔻	512 🔻	512	- 512
Network Motion	Current value	9999	9999	9999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
▶ PLC	Z position	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	о
G-codes settings DXF import settings	Mul	0	o 🗘	o 🗘	o 🗘	o 🗘	o 🗘	o 🗘	o 🗘	0) o
Macro List	/(2^Div)	1 \$		1 ‡			1 🗘				
 ▶ Macro Wizard ▶ Probing Wizard 		0	• •	0	0	0	• •	• •	0	0	0
Preferences	Position	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	· _	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	· _	
▹ Screen Work Offsets	Linear Encoder Dimension	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	ı ———	
Parking Coordinates > Technology Camera 5 axes RTCP > Panel/Pendant > Hardware Common Hardware Settings Encoders Analogue Closed Loop Pulse-Dir Closed Loop ET2/ET4 Host Modbus > Advanced											
	•										Þ

The following settings are available:

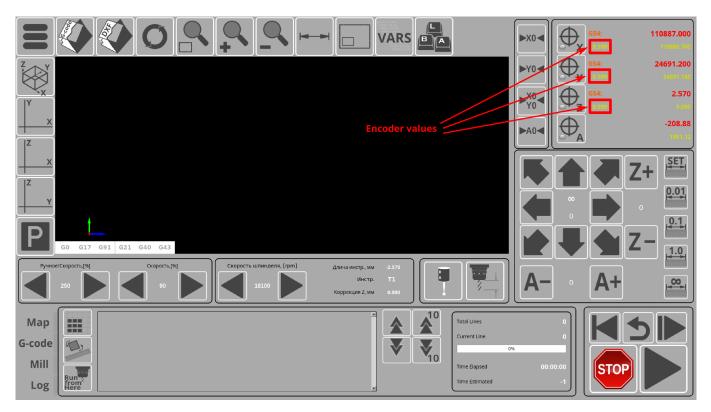
- Encoder resolution for each particular encoder number.
- The current encoder value is displayed on this screen. This is the fastest way to check if the encoder is connected/working for example, turning an MPG wheel handle should immediately change the current encoder value in this field for the selected encoder.
- Z-position
- Mul coefficients (multiplication value), and
- /(2^Div). These Mul and Div coefficients are used due to the fact that the controller cannot handle floating number data in calculations, therefore it is necessary to first multiply and then divide a number by certain coefficients. They are used to bring the value of the encoder in line with the pulses/unit value specified in the Axes/Motors tab. Larger numbers allow to reduce the error. For example, if the ratio between the Axes/Motors value and the encoder pulse/unit value is 3.5, then the multiplication value (Mul) can be set to 7, while Div can be set to 1 ($2^{1} = 2$, 7/2 = 3.5).
- Encoder position
- Position
- Linear encoder dimension. This should be set to the proper encoder dimension to convert the impulses from a linear encoder to mm (the most common values for this setting are 1 and 5

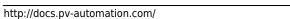
micrometers, as shown in the screenshot).

The following global variables deal with encoder values:

	when using Encoder values from the Software PLC. 9000 - Encoder #0 value 9001 - Encoder #1 value 9002 - Encoder #2 value 9003 - Encoder #3 value 9004 - Encoder #4 value 9005 - Encoder #5 value 9006 - Encoder #6 value 9007 - Encoder #7 value +16. Reserved to display the encoder position on an infinite scale (no value turnover on every full encoder turn, instead the value will keep climbing indefinitely into the positives/negatives
9200 9216	depending on where the encoder handle is spun)

These global variables allow to display encoder values on the main screen of myCNC profiles that are geared towards encoder setups (such as 1366M4E and 1366PE):





Permanent link: http://docs.pv-automation.com/mycnc/linear_encoder_setup?rev=1575 569245



Last update: 2019/12/05 13:07