

## PLC Examples

- [M07 Mist Coolant ON](#)
- [M03 Simple Spindle ON procedure](#)
- [Getting a Height Map](#)

### Spindle Speed control for DAC

#### SPN.plc

```
#define command    var00
#define parameter  var01
//set Spindle speed control via DAC channel #1
//Spindle Speed is given in **eparam** register

main()
{
    value=eparam;
    if (value>0xFFF) {value=0xFFF;};
    //fix if given value is out of range 0...0xfff
    if (value<0) {value=0;};

    dac01=value;    //setup DAC value

    /**Set Spindle Speed** is asynchronous operation.
    //It's better to inform myCNC Software New Spindle Speed applied.
    //Send information about new Spindle Speed to myCNC Software
    message=PLCCMD_REPLY_TO_MYCNC;
    //Command code to send to myCNC software
    command=PLC_MESSAGE_SPINDLE_SPEED_CHANGED;
    //Message code
    parameter=eparam;    //New Spindle Speed information
    timeout=timer+10; do { timer++; } while (timer<timeout);
    //Delay to push the Message to myCNC Software

    gvarset(7371,eparam);
    //myCNC register #7371 contains actual Spindle Speed.
    //Another way to inform myCNC software about new Spindle Speed
    //(to display on it DRO for example)

    exit(99);    //normal exit.
};
```

### Spindle Control through Triggers

In this case, a couple of lines are added to standard M03 (spindle ON), M05 (spindle OFF) and M02 (End program) PLCs, typically to allow the system to interpret some spindle feedback signal. Spindle control is done through a trigger, with the trigger flag indicating whether the trigger is ON or OFF. If the spindle is ON and the trigger is activated, then the program will be stopped.

The following code can be used to enable the trigger:

```
message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER1_ON;
timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);
```

The following code can be used to disable the trigger:

```
message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER1_OFF;
timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);
```

The code to enable the trigger should be inserted into M03, while the code to disable the trigger should be inserted into M05 and M02. The full resultant PLC procedure code can be found below:

[Click to expand the M03 code](#)

```
//Turn on Spindle clockwise
#include pins.h
#include vars.h
main()
{
    timer=0;
    proc=plc_proc_spindle;

    val=eparam;
    if (val>0xffff) {val=0xffff;};
    if (val<0) {val=0;};

    dac01=val;

    portclr(OUTPUT_CCW_SPINDLE);
    portset(OUTPUT_SPINDLE);

    gvarset(7370,1); timer=30;do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //Spindle State
    gvarset(7371,eparam); timer=30;do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //Spindle
    Speed Mirror register

    //gvarset(7372,0); //Mist State
    //timer=30;do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //
    //gvarset(7373,0); //Flood State
    //timer=30;do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //

    //delay after spindle started
    timer=spindle_on_delay;
    do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //delay for Spindle reach given speed
```

```
message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER1_ON;
timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);

exit(99); //normal exit
};
```

[Click to expand the M05 code](#)

```
//Spindle Stop
//set Spindle speed control via DAC & PWM1 channel

#include pins.h
#include vars.h

main()
{
    portclr(OUTPUT_SPINDLE);
    portclr(OUTPUT_CCW_SPINDLE);
    proc=plc_proc_idle;

    message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER1_OFF;
    timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);

    if (spindle_off_delay!=0)
    {
        timer=spindle_off_delay;
        do { timer--; } while (timer>0);
    };

    dac01=0x0;

    gvarset(7370,0); timer=30;do{timer--;}while(timer>0); //Spindle State
    gvarset(7371,0); timer=30;do{timer--;}while(timer>0); //Spindle Speed

    exit(99); //normal exit
};
```

[Click to expand the M02 code](#)

```
#include pins.h
#include vars.h

// g0moveA - start motion:
// flags -
// bit 0 - absolute programming
// bit 1 - machine coordinates
// bit 7 - delayed start.
```

```
// axes mask
// bit 0 - X axis; bit 1 - Y axis;bit 2 - Z axis;bit 3 - A axis;bit 4 - B
axis;bit 5 - C axis

lift_up()
{

  if (proc==plc_proc_spindle)
  {
    z1=gvarget(17003);
    timer=10; do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //wait till motion started

    z2=gvarget(7020);
    z2=z2*100;

    if (absolute==0) { z2=z1+z2; };

    z1=z1+100; //add 1mm gap

    if (z2>z1)
    { //position coordinate in given axis in 0.01 units (mm)
      gvarset(7080,speed_z); //set speed
      g0moveA(1,0x4,z2); //absolute programming; Z axis;
      timer=300; do{timer--;}while (timer>0); //wait motion started
      //wait motion stopped
      do
      { ex=0; code=gvarget(6060);
        if (code==0x4d) {ex=1;};
        if (code==0x57) {ex=1;};
      } while(ex==0);
    };
  };
};

main()
{
  message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER4_ON;
  timer=2;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);

  if (absolute!=0) { absolute=1; };

  portclr(OUTPUT_MIST);
  portclr(OUTPUT_FLOOD);
  gvarset(7372,0); //Reset Mist State
  timer=30;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);
  gvarset(7373,0); //Reset Flood State
  timer=30;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);

  lift_up();
}
```

```

dac01=0x0;    //off DAC output

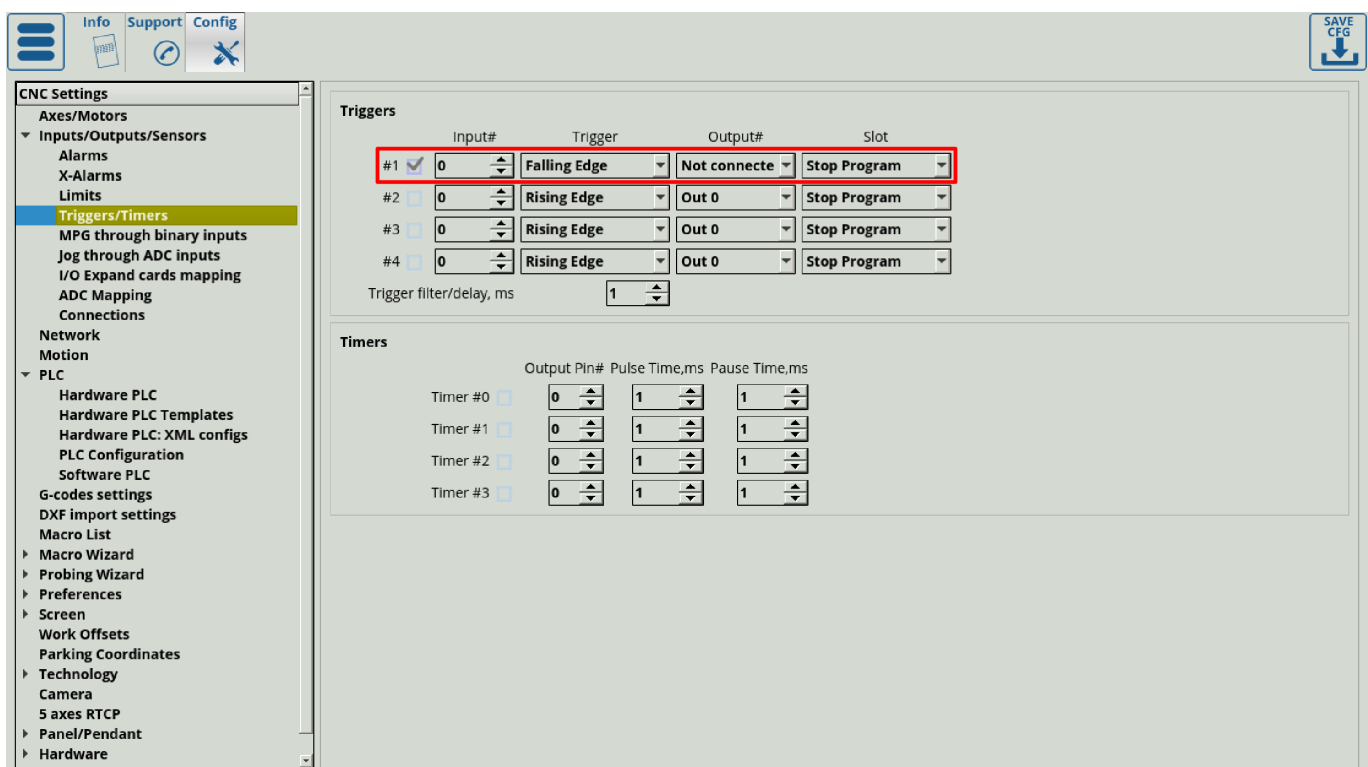
portclr(OUTPUT_SPINDLE);
portclr(OUTPUT_CCW_SPINDLE);
gvarset(7370,0);//Spindle State
gvarset(7371,0);//Spindle Speed Mirror register

message=PLCCMD_TRIGGER1_OFF;
timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);

proc=plc_proc_idle;
exit(99);
};

```

The trigger itself can be set up in Settings > Config > Inputs/Outputs/Sensors > Triggers/Timers to look the following way:



- **Input Number** can be set to the port which the spindle feedback signal is using (#0 in this case)
- **Trigger** will be set to Falling Edge
- **Output** set to Not Connected
- **Slot** set to Stop Program

## Spindle Speed control for ET10\_DAC

SPN.plc

```

#define command    var00
#define parameter  var01

```

```

//set Spindle speed control via ET10 DAC channel #1
//Spindle Speed is given in **eparam** register

main()
{
    command=0x32;
    //EXT_ET10_DAC_OFFSET; set ADC offset register address
    parameter=0x800-(eparam/2)+(1<<12);
    //0x800 - is the middle of 12bits range - represents 0V
    //Eparam contains 12bits DAC value in 0V range, ET10 DAC setup in
    +10V...-10V range, so need to /2
    //Encoder channel number is given in high 12 bits of 16bit word.

    message=PLCCMD_SET_CNC_EXTVAR;
    //setup Message register with command for access to [[External CNC
    Variables]]
    texit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<texit);
    //2ms delay to push the command from PLC to myCNC Core

    /**Set Spindle Speed** is asynchronous operation.
    //It's better to inform myCNC Software New Spindle Speed applied.
    //Send information about new Spindle Speed to myCNC Software
    message=PLCCMD_REPLY_TO_MYCNC; //Command code to
    send to myCNC software
    command=PLC_MESSAGE_SPINDLE_SPEED_CHANGED; //Message code
    parameter=eparam; //New Spindle Speed
    information
    timeout=timer+10; do { timer++; } while (timer<timeout); //Delay to
    push the Message to myCNC Software

    gvarset(7371,eparam);
    //myCNC register #7371 contains actual Spindle Speed.
    //Another way to inform myCNC software about new Spindle Speed (to
    display on it DRO for example)

    exit(99); //normal exit.
};

```

### M03, Spindle On, Relay and ET10 DAC

#### M03.plc

```

//Turn on Spindle clockwise
//set Spindle speed control ET10 DAC channel #2
#include pins.h //defines for pins numbers
#include vars.h //defines for variable names

```

```
main()
{
    timer=0;
    value=eparam;

    command=0x32;//EXT_ET5_DAC_OFFSET
    parameter=0x800-(eparam/2)+(2<<12);//channel #2
    message=PLCCMD_SET_CNC_EXTVAR;
    texit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<texit);

    portclr(OUTPUT_CCW_SPINDLE);
    portset(OUTPUT_SPINDLE);

    gvarset(7370,1);
    //Global Register #7370 shown actual Spindle state (0=OFF, 1=ON).
    //Set Register value when Spindle is ON
    gvarset(7371,eparam);
    //myCNC register #7371 contains actual Spindle Speed.
    //Another way to inform myCNC software about new Spindle Speed (to
    display on it DRO for example)

    /**Set Spindle Speed** is asynchronous operation.
    //It's better to inform myCNC Software New Spindle Speed applied.
    //Send information about new Spindle Speed to myCNC Software
    message=PLCCMD_REPLY_TO_MYCNC; //Command code to
    send to myCNC software
    command=PLC_MESSAGE_SPINDLE_SPEED_CHANGED; //Message code
    parameter=eparam; //New Spindle Speed
    information
    timeout=timer+10; do { timer++; } while (timer<timeout); //Delay to
    push the Message to myCNC Software

    //Wait till Spindle Rotation Speed comes to good values before next
    motion started
    timeout=timeout_on_delay+timer;
    do{timer++;}while (timer<timeout); //delay for Spindle
    reach given speed

    exit(99); //normal exit.
};
```

## Water Fill and Drain control

Procedure M240 is used in [some plasma cutting machines to control Water Table Fill & Drain](#).

Running procedure with parameter "1" toggles Water Filling, running with parameter "0" toggles Water Draining. If try to ON both Fill & Drain, the procedure will turn off the previous relay to prevent conflicts.

#### M240.plc

```
#define OUTPUT_FILL      13
#define OUTPUT_DRAIN     12

main()
{
    o=gvarget(7184); //read OUTPUT PORT 0 state (pins 0...31)
    drain_state=o&(1<<OUTPUT_DRAIN);
    fill_state=o&(1<<13);

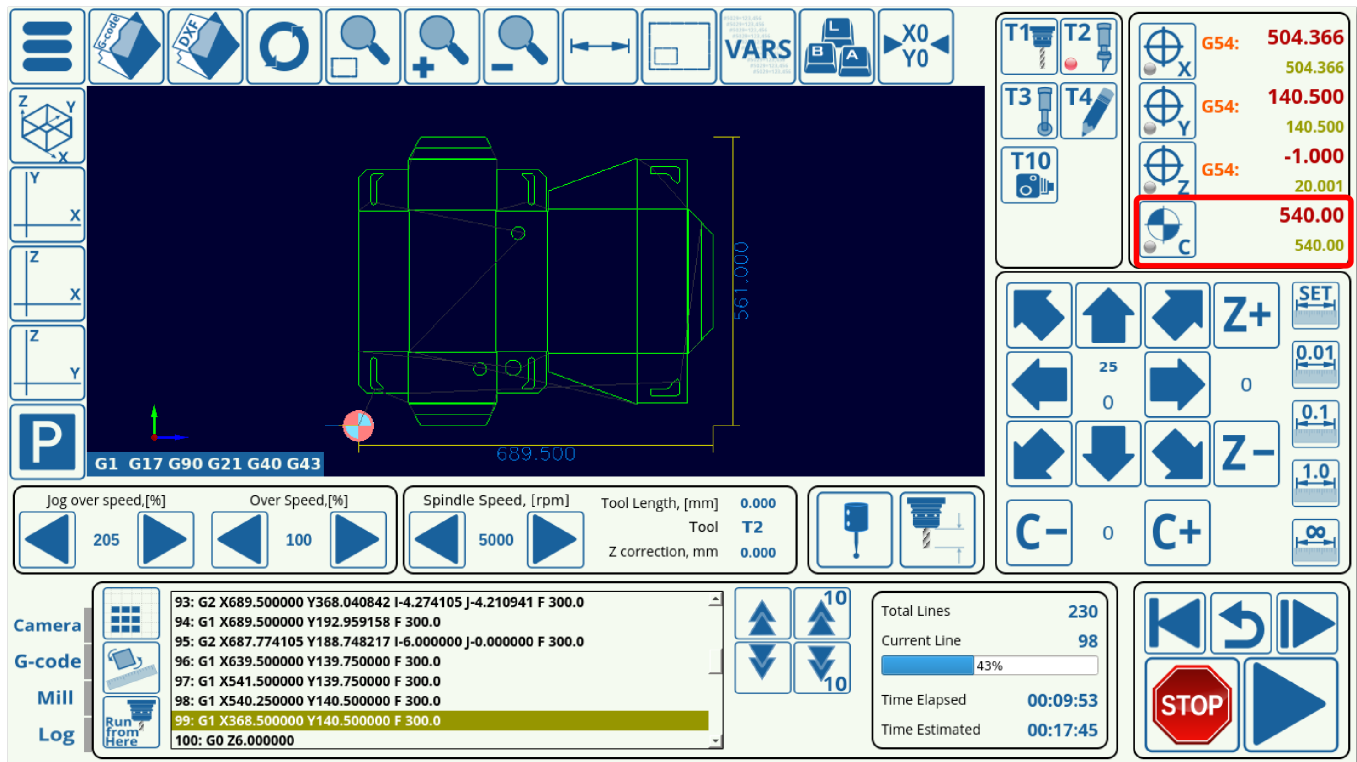
    if (eparam==0) //toggle drain
    {
        if (drain_state==0)
        {
            portset(OUTPUT_DRAIN);
            portclr(OUTPUT_FILL);    //to prevent both are open
        }else
        {
            portclr(OUTPUT_DRAIN);
        };
    }else //toggle fill
    {
        if (fill_state==0)
        {
            portset(OUTPUT_FILL);
            portclr(OUTPUT_DRAIN);    //to prevent both are open
        }else
        {
            portclr(OUTPUT_FILL);
        };
    };
    exit(99);
};
```

### Eliminating tangential knife spin at the start of the program (M212)

Because of how the system records angles, the software shows angles larger than 360 degrees (one full revolution) if a number of turns in the same direction have been taken by the knife. For example, if the knife has turned around its axis from 0 degrees twice in the positive direction, the angle now will be recorded as 720 degrees (2 full revolutions). After the program completes, and the angle is left at this number, the next time the program starts, the knife will rotate back until the angle is equal to



zero. This behaviour is not ideal for some users, as it can extend the cutting process time.



The M212 PLC exists to remove this positive/negative degree turn that is larger than 360 degrees at the program start. This is useful if the user wants to stop the knife from spinning back multiple times to its 0 position on the c-axis as the program is starting (however, this will still allow the knife to rotate an angle less than a full revolution in order to align itself properly).

This PLC is provided with the myCNC software, and looks as follows:

```
main()
{
    c=gvarget(17006); //get C-position in PLC units (0.01 degree)

    m=18000; //180 degree in PLC units (0.01 degree)
    if (c>m)
    {
        do{ c=c-36000; }while (c>m); //remove the whole positive turns
    };

    m=0-m; //-180 degree in PLC units (0.01 degree)
    if (c<m)
    {
        do{ c=c+36000; }while (c<m); //remove the whole negative turns
    };

    gvarset(7080,1000); //set speed 3000 degree/s;
    timer=10;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);
    g0moveA(0x0,0x20,0-c); //C axis, move to C=0
    timer=200;do{timer--;}while(timer>0);
    do { code=gvarget(6060); }while(code!=0x4d); //wait till motion finished
```

```
timer=100;do{timer--;}while(timer>0); //delay for any case

exit(99);
};
```

This PLC can be added to the DXF footer in **Settings > Config > DXF Import Settings** to run every time when the program generated from an imported DXF file finishes running.

## Gantry Alignment Procedure (with Homing)

### M132

```
G10 L80 P5521 Q1
G10 L80 P5525 Q1

M146 P0 L1028
M88 L0 P5(Soft stop when sensor triggered)
G91 G0 Y -300.0000 F 600.00
G04 P0.1
M89 L1 P5(Quick stop when sensor triggered)
G91 G0 Y 300.0000 F 30.00
G04 P0.1
M135
```

### M135

```
G10 L80 P5521 Q1
G10 L80 P5525 Q1

M146 P0 L1028

M144
G91 G0 Y100 F30
G04 P0.1

G90 G10 L70 P0 Y0
G04 P0.1
M145 P0 L1028
G90 G10 L193 P97 Q5531

debug #98
G90 G10 L192 P98 Q7525
debug #98
debug #97
G90 G10 L190 P97 Q98
debug #97

G90 G28.9 Y97 F200
```

```
M146 P0 L1028

G90 G10 L70 P0 Y0

G90 G10 L80 P5521 Q0
G90 G10 L80 P5525 Q0
G90 G10 L80 P7395 Q0 (Homing Flag)
```

### M144.plc

```
//Look after input1 & input2 sensors, remember position, when triggered

main()
{

timer=0;

message=PLCCMD_MOTION_CONTINUE;
textit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<textit);

ready=0;

statel=0;
state2=0;

e9000=portget(13);//gvarget(9000);
e9001=portget(14);//gvarget(9001);

state0=0;

m1=0;
m2=0;

do
{
    timer++;

    if (state0==0)
    {
        a=portget(13);//gvarget(9000);
        if (a!=e9000)
        {
            m1=1;
            position1=gvarget(5021+1);    //Machine Y
        }
        state0=1;
    };
    a=portget(14);//gvarget(9100);
    if (a!=e9001)
    {
```

```
        m1=2;
        position1=gvarget(5021+1);    //Machine Y
state0=1;
    };
}else
{
    if (m1==2)
    {
        a=portget(13);//gvarget(9000);
        if (a!=e9000)
        {
            m2=1;
            position2=gvarget(5021+1);    //Machine Y
state0=2;
        };
    }else
    {
        a=portget(14);//gvarget(9100);
        if (a!=e9001)
        {
            m2=2;
            position2=gvarget(5021+1);    //Machine Y
state0=2;
        };
    };
};

}while(state0<2);

b=position1-position2;

if (b>25000)
{
    b=50000-b;
};
c=0-25000;
if (b<c)
{
    b=50000+b;
};

gvarset(97,b);
textit=timer+30;do{timer++;}while(timer<textit);

gvarset(7230,m1);
```

```
if (m1==1) { gvarset(98,1);}
else { x=0-1; gvarset(98,x);};

message=PLCCMD_MOTION_SKIP;
//message=PLCCMD_MOTION_SOFT_SKIP;
textit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<textit);

exit(99);
};
```

### M145.plc

```
#define var_address var00
#define var_value    var01

main()
{
    timer=0;

    lparam=eparam>>16;

    axis=1;    //
    n=gvarget(7230);

    channel=0xff;
    if (n==1) {channel=0;};
    if (n==2) {channel=1;};
    if (n==4) {channel=2;};
    if (n==8) {channel=3;};

    if (channel>8)
    {
        message=PLCCMD_MOTION_ABORT;
        textit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<textit);
        exit(99);
    };

    var_value=15;
    var_address=112+channel;//channel turn off
    message=PLCCMD_SET_CNC_VAR;
    textit=timer+2;do{timer++;}while(timer<textit);

    exit(99);

};
```

### M146.plc

```
#define var_address var00
#define var_value    var01

main()
{
    timer=0;

    dir=0;

    axis=1;
    channel=0;

    var_address=112+channel;//channel 0 set up
    var_value=axis;
    if (dir!=0) { var_value=16+axis; };
    message=PLCCMD_SET_CNC_VAR;
    texit=timer+10;do{timer++;}while(timer<texit);

    channel=1;

    var_address=112+channel;//channel 0 set up
    var_value=axis;
    if (dir!=0) { var_value=16+axis; };
    message=PLCCMD_SET_CNC_VAR;
    texit=timer+10;do{timer++;}while(timer<texit);

    gvarset(7230,1);

    exit(99);
};
```

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