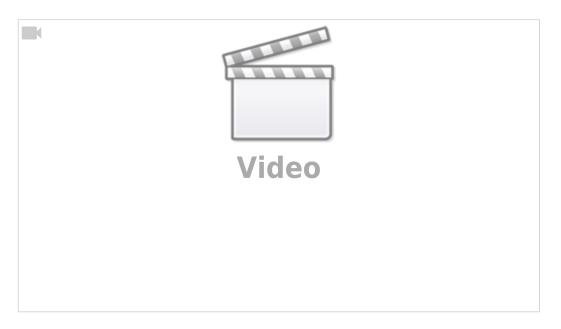
# **Modbus Setup**



This article is designed to introduce the reader to the myCNC Modbus setup, as well as serve as the main reference point for all myCNC Modbus documentation.

Note that on the ET10 control board, Port #1 (A/B) is used for all Modbus communication by default. Port #0 (A/B) is reserved for special purpose applications. Please contact the myCNC development team for implementing a special purpose application through port #0.

## Low-level vs high-level access

Modbus communication can either be done through high-level access (especially useful for cases where using spindle control through an inverter such as a Delta VFD, Fuling DZB, etc), or through low-level access which allows the user to program the process via a PLC procedure.

High-level access is preferable for its ease of use. The settings for different inverters can be preloaded by going into Settings > Config > Technology > Mill/Lathe > Spindle, and the myCNC system will automatically attempt to send the message again should the sending fail (up to four times). For highlevel access, please set the check mark to ON in the **RS485/Modbus Communication** field in the **Settings > Config > Technology > Mill/Lathe > Spindle** window.

Low-level access is preferable for direct access to the hardware. This allows to program the communication through PLC, and is a very flexible (albeit less straightforward) method. For low-level access the check mark in the **RS485/Modbus Communication** field in the **Settings > Config > Technology > Mill/Lathe > Spindle** window to OFF.

NOTE: The two modes are exclusive - low-level access will not work if the check mark is ON and vice versa

## I/O expand cards mapping

The transparent mapping of Modbus inputs/outputs can be done through the **I/O Expand cards mapping** window in Settings > Config > Inputs/Outputs/Sensors. In this part, the focus will be on expanding the number of inputs/outputs in a standard myCNC controller using a WELLPRO Modbus device. This process provides the user with a way to easily add 8 more inputs and 8 more outputs per Modbus device connected, allowing to connect more peripherals to the myCNC controller.

NOTE: In order for low-level access Modbus devices to connect properly, the "RS485/Modbus communication" checkbox should be UNCHECKED in the Config > Technology > Mill/Lathe > Spindle configuration dialog. That checkbox is useful for high-level access only.

Info Support Camera Config	SAVE CFG
CNC Settings	Spindle Speed, [rpm] (Min, Max, Step) 100 🔶 24000 🔶 100 🔶
Motion	
* PLC	Spindle Overspeed, [%] (Min, Max, Step) 1 🔶 100 + 1
Hardware PLC	
Hardware PLC Templates	Encoder channel Not used 💌
Hardware PLC: XML configs	Encoder pulses per revolution
PLC Configuration	
Software PLC	Voltage offset, units
G-codes settings	Voltage ratio, units
DXF import settings	
Macro List	RS485/Modbus communication 🕱
Macro Wizard	Speed ratio (modbus)
Probing Wizard	
<ul> <li>Preferences</li> </ul>	R5485 speed 9600 - 5000 10000 15000 25000
Common	
Start/Stop	
Shape Library Settings	Inverter Address 🐹 7 🔶 🔀 -1 🔶 🐹 -1 🔶 🔀 -1 🔶
▼ Screen	Inverter Modbus address should be 16 or more. Addresses 015 reserved
Colors	for Non-Modbus devices.
Popup Messages	Messages: 🐝 Exceptions: 💥
3D Visualisation	Write registers
Work Offsets	5
Parking Coordinates	WR/Operate 🔀 8192 🚖 Send
▼ Technology	WR/Frequency 🔀 8193 🔶 Send
Plasma Cutting	
Gas/Oxyfuel Cutcharts	Read registers
THC	RD/Drive Status 🙀 8448 🚖
▼ Mill/Lathe	
Spindle	RD/Fault Content 🔀 8449 🚖
Tools	RD/Frequency reference 🔀 8450 🚖
ATC Pots	
Lathe	RD/Output frequency 🔀 8451 🔶
Multi Head	RD/Output current 🔀 8452 🜩

Upon opening the I/O settings, the following window is presented to the user:

Info Support Camera Config		SAVE CFG
CNC Settings	Mapping device Device Id Source port	1
<ul> <li>Inputs/Outputs/Sensors</li> </ul>	(Modbus) port	
Alarms	Modbus/Coil Input expansion 🔹 34 🔶 0 🔶 2 🔶 🗶	
X-Alarms	Modbus/Coil Output expansion 🔻 34 🔶 2 🔶 0 🔶 🗶	
Limits		
Triggers/Timers	<b>n</b> +	
MPG through binary inputs		
Jog through ADC inputs	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15	
I/O Expand cards mapping	16 • • • • • • • • 24 • • • • • • • • • •	
ADC Mapping	32	
Connections		
Network Motion		
▼ PLC	64 • • • • • • • • • 72 • • • • • • • • 79	
Hardware PLC	80 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 88 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Hardware PLC Templates	96 • • • • • • • 104 • • • • • • • 111	
Hardware PLC: XML configs		
PLC Configuration		
Software PLC		
G-codes settings	144	
DXF import settings	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15	
Macro List	16 • • • • • • • • 24 • • • • • • • • • 31	
Macro Wizard     Probing Wizard	32	
Preferences		
<ul> <li>Screen</li> </ul>	10 50 50 50 50	
Work Offsets		
Parking Coordinates		
<ul> <li>Technology</li> </ul>		
Plasma Cutting		
Gas/Oxyfuel		
Cutcharts		
тнс		-

In this window, the following settings can be edited:

## Mapping device

For now, the focus will be on coil input/output expansion, which can be seen selected in the screenshot above. Therefore, Modbus/Coil Input expansion and Modbus/Coil Output expansion will be chosen in the Mapping Device selection.

## **Device ID**

Device ID can be changed using PLC procedures using gvarset (60010,DEVICE ID); as described in PLC/Modbus API. If the device ID is unknown, the user can either switch it using the PLC procedure, or try to go through the possible Device IDs (0 through 255). The device ID has been previously assigned to be 34 in case of this example.

## Source Port

Source port is usually chosen to be 0 for Input, as the count typically starts from zero on the Modbus device. This will signify the port from which the inputs are "carried into" the system. The way the ports are organized in the software is as follows:

Info Support Camera Config		SAVE CFG
CNC Settings	Device Id Destination	<u>_</u>
Axes/Motors Thputs/Outputs/Sensors	(Modbus) Source port	
Alarms	Modbus/Coil Input expansion 🔹 34 🔶 0 🔶 2 🔶 🗶	
X-Alarms		
Limits	Modbus/Coil Output expansion 🔹 34 🚖 2 📥 0 🚖 🗶	
Triggers/Timers		
MPG through binary inputs		
Jog through ADC inputs		
I/O Expand cards mapping		
ADC Mapping	32	
Connections		
Network	48 @ @ @ @ @ @ @ 56 @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ 63	
Motion	64 • • • • • • • 72 • • • • • • • 79	
<ul> <li>PLC Hardware PLC</li> </ul>	80	
Hardware PLC Templates		
Hardware PLC: XML configs		
PLC Configuration		
Software PLC	128 • • • • • • 136 • • • • 143	
G-codes settings	144 🛛 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 152 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 🖓 159	
DXF import settings	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15	
Macro List	16 0 0 0 0 0 0 24 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 31	
Macro Wizard	32 0 0 0 0 0 0 40 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 47	
Probing Wizard		
Preferences	48 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
<ul> <li>Screen</li> <li>Work Offsets</li> </ul>		
Parking Coordinates		
<ul> <li>Technology</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Plasma Cutting</li> </ul>		
Gas/Oxyfuel		
Cutcharts		
тнс		-

As can be seen in the screenshot above, each port consists of 8 inputs, which are grouped together. These groups are numbered from 0 up.

#### **Destination port**

Destination port is the port to which the inputs are sent to. There is a number of assigned "virtual" ports in myCNC software which do not correspond to any physical ports on the controller itself. These virtual ports can therefore be assigned to the Modbus device for it to send its inputs to. In such a way, for Inputs expansion, the Source port can be set to 0 to correspond to the Modbus configuration, and the Destination port can be set to 2, 3, 4, etc in order to "fill" one of the virtual ports in myCNC software. Note that since the ET7, for example, has 16 inputs, the Destination port can be set to be 2 and above, while for the ET10 (which has 48 inputs) the virtual Destination ports start from 6 and above.

#### Input/Output behaviour switch

NOTE: The above description for the source/destination Input ports setup is reversed for the Outputs expansion. In the Modbus/Coil Output expansion, the Source port is the myCNC software virtual port, and the Destination port is the Modbus device. Therefore, the Source port for and Output expansion can be set to 2, 3, 4, etc, while the Destination port would be set to 0 to correspond to the numbering on the Modbus device (the source is the host/controller, while the destination is the Modbus rather than the other way around here).

Info Support Camera Config		SAL
CNC Settings	Mapping device Device Id (Modbus) Source port Destination port	
<ul> <li>Inputs/Outputs/Sensors</li> <li>Alarms</li> </ul>	Modbus/Coil Input expansion 🔻 🚽 34 🔶 0 🔶 2 🔶 🗶	
X-Alarms	Modbus/Coil Output expansion 🔹 34 🛨 2 💠 0 🗘 🗶	
Limits		
Triggers/Timers		
MPG through binary inputs		
Jog through ADC inputs	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15	
I/O Expand cards mapping		
ADC Mapping Connections	32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Network		
Motion		
▼ PLC		
Hardware PLC	80	
Hardware PLC Templates	96 🗢 🗢 🗢 🗢 🗢 💀 104 🗢 🗢 🗢 🗢 🗢 🗢 111	
Hardware PLC: XML configs	112 • • • • • • • • 120 • • • • • • • 127	
PLC Configuration		
Software PLC G-codes settings		
DXF import settings	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15	
Macro List		
▶ Macro Wizard	16 • • • • • • • • 24 • • • • • • • • 31	
Probing Wizard	32 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Preferences	48 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Screen		
Work Offsets		
Parking Coordinates ▼ Technology		
<ul> <li>Plasma Cutting</li> </ul>		
Gas/Oxyfuel		
Cutcharts		
тнс		

5/7

This inversion results from the Source and Destination being effectively flipped when using input/output ports via a Modbus. With inputs, the source is the Modbus device, while with Outputs, the source is the host computer/controller.

Using the I/O Expand cards mapping window allows for a guaranteed signal delivery even if the Modbus device was turned off when the initial signal was sent (for example, when changing the Binary Outputs status from OFF to ON in the System Diagnostics window). However, a certain amount of latency (up to 100-200 ms) is introduced, as the system has to regularly loop through and check for the inputs/outputs on the Modbus device. Therefore, using I/O expansions via a Modbus device is recommended on systems which are less time-critical.

**NOTE:** The latency will increase as more mapping devices are introduced, as the system loops through each such device one at a time.

## **Using Modbus through PLC commands**

The instructions for using PLC commands for a Modbus device can be found in the PLC/Modbus API article. As compared to the I/O expansion procedure through the Config settings, PLC commands eliminate the latency. However, the PLC method of using a Modbus device does not allow for device downtime, as is the case with the I/O method.

## Using Modbus through Software PLC

The Host Modbus API is designed to be used with Software PLC. This allows to connect the Modbus device directly to the host computer through a USB port. This is a slower process than the Hardware PLC described above, however it is well-suited for repeated tasks which have to be constantly running, as it allows to offload the task from the controller onto the host computer.

## **Modbus Devices available**

The detailed description of the available Modbus devices is located at the Modbus Devices page.

### Example setups

```
General communication example
```

Sample M03 procedure for Spindle ON through Modbus

#### Expand M03 code

```
#include pins.h
#include vars.h
#define command
                var00
#define parameter var01
//SPINDLE ON CW VALUE should be redefined according to VFD specification
#define SPINDLE_ON_CW_VALUE
                           12345
main()
{
 proc=plc proc spindle;
 timer=0;
 val=eparam;
 message=PLCCMD MODBUS SPINDLE CMD;
 command=SPINDLE ON CW VALUE;
 parameter=SPINDLE ON CW VALUE;
 timer=10; do{timer--;} while (timer>0);
 message=PLCCMD MODBUS SPINDLE SPEED;
 command=val;
 parameter=val;
 timer=30; do { timer--; } while (timer>0);
 gvarset(7370,1);
                 //Spindle State
 timer=10; do { timer--; } while (timer>0);
 gvarset(7371,val); //Spindle Speed Mirror register
 timer=10; do { timer--; } while (timer>0);
 //delay after spindle started
```

```
timeout=timer+spindle_on_delay;
do{timer++;}while (timer<timeout); //delay for Spindle reach given speed
exit(99); //normal exit
};
```

This M03 procedure can be found by going into Settings > Config > PLC > Hardware PLC Templates > Mill (Modbus): Spindle CW Turn-ON.

• As can be seen in the sample code, the timeout delay is set to the spindle ON delay. This spindle ON delay is specified in the User Settings:

	Speed XY, mm/min 2	Z, mm/min	On Delay, sec	S 0.5	pindle Spindle Off Delay, sec	0.5		
Cutting Speed	10000	10000	Lift Programming	ABS	Lift Height, mm	10.0		
Rapid Speed	10000	10000	Lift Speed, mm/	1000	Lite religit, min	10.0		
Jog Speed	12000	5000					J	
Probe Speed		-1	St	ep-Dir C	Coolant control			
Acceleration	1000	1000	Rate, ml/hour	0.0	Ratio	1359		
<u> </u>							)	
			-	Mileage	e/Oil Change	_		
			X Trip counter	227.	273 O of	3		
			Y Trip counter	230.	997 O	3		
			Z Trip counter	45.5	<b>94</b> 0 of	3		
							)	

More information on controlling the spindle through Modbus can be found in the MyCNC Configuration Dialogs (Spindle) manual.

